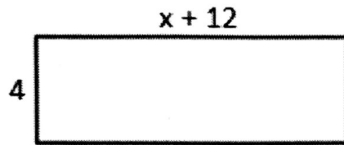


Unit 4: 2B Leveled Practice Questions

Level One: Solve Using Shapes

1.) If the area of the rectangle below is 60,
what is the value of x?



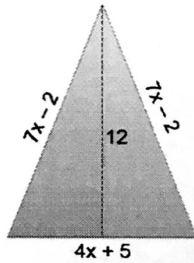
$$4(x+12) = 60$$

$$4x + 48 = 60$$

$$\begin{array}{r} -48 \quad -48 \\ \hline 4x = 12 \end{array}$$

$$\frac{4x}{4} = \frac{12}{4} \quad \boxed{x = 3}$$

Ex) If the area of the triangle below is 102 sq units
what is the value of x?



$$\frac{1}{2} \cdot b \cdot h = 102$$

$$\frac{1}{2} \cdot 12(4x+5) = 102$$

$$6(4x+5) = 102$$

$$24x + 30 = 102$$

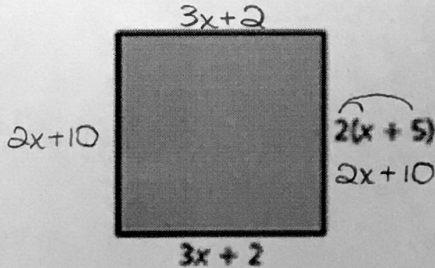
$$\begin{array}{r} -30 \quad -30 \\ \hline 24x = 72 \end{array}$$

$$\frac{24x}{24} = \frac{72}{24}$$

$$\boxed{x = 3}$$

Ex) If the perimeter of the shape below is 104 units,

what is the value of x?



$$3x + 3x + 2x + 2x = 10x$$

$$10 + 2 + 10 + 2 = 24$$

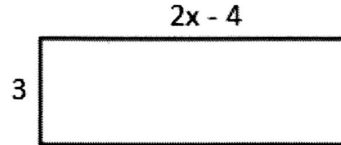
$$10x + 24 = 104$$

$$\begin{array}{r} -24 \quad -24 \\ \hline 10x = 80 \end{array}$$

$$\frac{10x}{10} = \frac{80}{10}$$

$$\boxed{x = 8}$$

2.) If the area of the rectangle below is 84,
what is the value of x?



$$3(2x-4) = 84$$

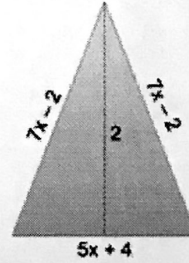
$$6x - 12 = 84$$

$$\begin{array}{r} +12 \quad +12 \\ \hline 6x = 96 \end{array}$$

$$\frac{6x}{6} = \frac{96}{6}$$

$$\boxed{x = 16}$$

3.) If the area of the triangle below is 24 sq units
what is the value of x?



$$\frac{1}{2} \cdot 2(5x+4) = 24$$

$$5x + 4 = 24$$

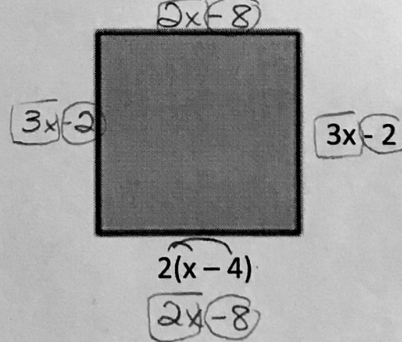
$$\begin{array}{r} -4 \quad -4 \\ \hline 5x = 20 \end{array}$$

$$\frac{5x}{5} = \frac{20}{5}$$

$$\boxed{x = 4}$$

4.) If the perimeter of the shape below is 20

units, what is the value of x?



$$10x - 20 = 20$$

$$\begin{array}{r} +20 \quad +20 \\ \hline 10x = 40 \end{array}$$

$$\frac{10x}{10} = \frac{40}{10}$$

$$\boxed{x = 4}$$

Level Two: Solve Multi-Step Equations

Solve each equation for the variable.

1.) $4x + 8 - 6x - 12 = 16$

$$\begin{aligned} -2x - 4 &= 16 \\ +4 \quad +4 & \\ -2x &= 20 \\ \frac{-2x}{-2} &= \frac{20}{-2} \end{aligned} \quad x = -10$$

2.) $3(f + 7) + 4f = 42$

$$\begin{aligned} 3f + 21 + 4f &= 42 \\ 7f + 21 &= 42 \\ -21 \quad -21 & \\ 7f &= 21 \\ \frac{7f}{7} &= \frac{21}{7} \\ f &= 3 \end{aligned}$$

Ex) $3(x - 4) - 2(x - 5) = 13$

$$\begin{aligned} 3x - 12 - 2x + 10 &= 13 \\ 5x - 2 &= 13 \\ +2 \quad +2 & \\ 5x &= 15 \\ x &= 3 \end{aligned}$$

4.) $-2(3x + 5) + 4(x + 4) = -4$

$$\begin{aligned} -6x - 10 + 4x + 16 &= -4 \\ -2x + 6 &= -4 \\ -6 \quad -6 & \\ -2x &= -10 \\ \frac{-2x}{-2} &= \frac{-10}{-2} \end{aligned} \quad x = 5$$

Ex) Solve for x. $x^2 - 11 = 14$

$$\begin{aligned} x^2 - 11 &= 14 \\ +11 \quad +11 & \\ \sqrt{x^2} &= \sqrt{25} \\ x &= 5 \text{ or } -5 \end{aligned}$$

5.) Solve for x. $\frac{3x^2}{3} = \frac{108}{3}$

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{3x^2}{3} &= \frac{108}{3} \\ \sqrt{x^2} &= \sqrt{36} \\ x &= 6 \text{ or } -6 \end{aligned}$$

----- **Checkpoint** -----

Level Three: Various

1.) When finding the solution for the equation $2x + 3 = 33$, which of the following indicates the order of operations which would be used to solve for x?

- A) addition, division
- B) addition, multiplication
- C) subtraction, multiplication
- D) subtraction, division**

2.) When finding the solution for the equation $\frac{x+5}{10} - 6 = 4$, which of the following indicates the order of operations which would be used to solve for x?

- A) subtraction, division, addition
- B) multiplication, addition, subtraction
- C) addition, multiplication, subtraction**
- D) multiplication, subtraction, addition

3.) Solve for x. $\frac{1}{5}x - 4 + \frac{2}{5}x = 26$

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{3}{5}x - 4 &= 26 \\ +4 \quad +4 & \\ \frac{3}{5}x &= 30 \\ \frac{5}{3} \cdot \frac{3}{5}x &= 30 \cdot \frac{5}{3} \\ x &= 50 \end{aligned}$$

4.) Solve for x. $2x - 8 = -3x + 7$

$$\begin{aligned} 2x - 8 &= -3x + 7 \\ +3x \quad +3x & \\ 5x - 8 &= 7 \\ +8 \quad +8 & \\ 5x &= 15 \\ \frac{5x}{5} &= \frac{15}{5} \\ x &= 3 \end{aligned}$$

----- **Checkpoint** -----