Number Properties: Identify and Apply

Part 1: Identify the property described.

1) The multiplicative inverse of a number, a is $\frac{1}{a}$ so that a x $\frac{1}{a}$ = 1.

Mult Inverse

- 2) The sum of any number and zero is the original number. For example a + 0 = a. \ldot \ld
- 3) When two numbers are added, the sum is the same regardless of the order of the addends. For example a + b = b + a

Commutative

4) Adding 0 to any number leaves it unchanged. For example a + 0 = a.

Identity

5) When three or more numbers are multiplied, the product is the same regardless of the order of the multiplicands. For example (a x b) x c = a x (b x c)

Associative

6) When three or more numbers are added, the sum is the same regardless of the grouping of the addends. For example (a + b) + c = a + (b + c)

Associative

7) The additive inverse of a number, a is -a so that a + -a = 0.

Add. Inverse

8) The sum of two numbers times a third number is equal to the sum of each addend times the third number. For example a x (b + c) = a x b + a x c

Distributive

9) The product of any number and one is that number. For example a x 1 = a.

Identity

10) When two numbers are multiplied together, the product is the same regardless of the order of the multiplicands. For example a x b = b x a

Commutative

Part 2: Provide the property used during each step of the problems below.

Distributive

60 + 21 - 2(½) + 8(1)

Mult. Inverse

60 + 21 - 1 + 8(1)

Identity

60 + 21 - 1 + 8

(What is simplified expression?)

Associative

(-4 + -16) + (11 + 9) + 5(0)

Zero Product

-20 + 20 + 0

Add Inverse

0 + 0

Identity

0

Part 3: Solve for the given variable.

13) What is a?
$$3(a + 7) = -9 + 21$$

a=-3

14) What is b?
$$4b + 8b - 12b = 0$$

b=0

15) What is c?
$$18 + c + 7 = 7 + 18 + 9$$

16) What is d? (d + 5) + 10 = 20 + (5 + 10)